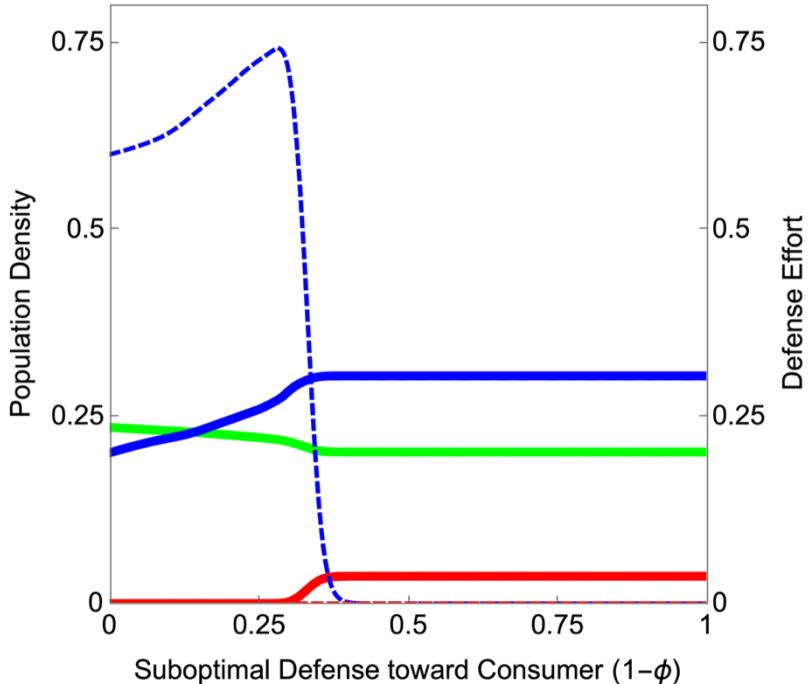


1    **Supplementary Materials**

2    **Fig. S1**

3    **Tables S1-3**

4



5 Fig. S1 Consumer novelty can promote native omnivore coexistence. Equilibrium densities and defense  
 6 effort levels across a restricted range of suboptimal defense toward an introduced consumer. Solid green,  
 7 blue and red lines indicate equilibrium densities of the resource, consumer, and omnivore, respectively.  
 8 Dashed lines indicate levels of defense effort directed toward each predator species (colors match  
 9 predator identity). Parameter values were chosen such that increasing consumer novelty permits the  
 10 coexistence of an otherwise excluded omnivore. At perfect defense efficiency toward the consumer (far  
 11 left) effective defense results in exclusion of the omnivore. Decreasing defense effectiveness allows the  
 12 consumer to increase density providing an increased energy source for the omnivore, which can then  
 13 persist (albeit at low density) despite reduced resource abundance. Note: this phenomenon only occurs  
 14 under restricted parameter values (e.g., low resource productivity).

Invasion scenario	Predator	Defense Effort	Coexistence criteria (focal predator can persist when expression is > 0)
<b>Omnivore</b>		0	$\frac{aPN bPN (aN R bNR k r - mN) + aNR aPR bPR k mN}{aN R^2 bNR k} - mP$
		int.	$\frac{r(aPN bPN c0 + aNR aPR bPR k (fN - c0))}{aN R fN} - mP$
		1	$\frac{aNR aPN bNR bPN (c0 - 1) (fN - 1) k r - mN (aPN bPN + aNR aPR bPR (fN - 1) k)}{aN R^2 bNR (fN - 1)^2 k} - mP$
<b>Suboptimal Defense</b>	<b>Consumer</b>	0	$\frac{aPR k (aN R bNR mP - aPR bPR mN) + aPN (mP - aPR bPR kr)}{aPR^2 bPR k}$
		int.	$aN R bNR k r - \frac{c0 r (aPN + aNR aPR bNR k)}{aPR fN \phi} - mN$
		1	$\frac{aNR aPR bNR k mP (1 - fN\phi) + aPN (mP - aPR bPR (c0 - 1) k r (fN \phi - 1))}{aPR^2 bPR k (fN \phi - 1)^2} - mN$

Naïveté	Consumer	0	$\frac{aPR k (aNR bNR mP - aPR bPR mN) + aPN (mP - aPR bPR k r)}{aPR^2 bPR k}$
		int.	$\frac{aNR bNR \left( \frac{\sqrt{k} \sqrt{r} \sqrt{\rho} (aPR bPR k r (c0 - fP)^2 + 4 c0 fP mP) - 4 c0 fP mP}{\sqrt{aPR} \sqrt{bPR} \sqrt{\rho}} - c0 k r + fP k r \right)}{2 fP} - \frac{aPN c0 r}{aPR fP \rho} - mN$
		1	$\frac{aPN (aPR bPR k r (c0 (-fP) + c0 + fP - 1) + mP) - aPR(fP - 1) k (aNR bNR mP + aPR bPR (fP - 1) mN)}{aPR^2 bPR (fP - 1)^2 k}$

Table S1 Coexistence criteria for introduced omnivore. *Int.* indicates defense effort that is adaptively allocated between 0 and 1.

Invasion scenario	Predator	Defense Effort	Coexistence criteria (focal predator can persist when expression is > 0)
<b>Consumer</b>	<b>Consumer</b>	0	$\frac{aPR k (aN R bNR mP - aPR bPR mN) + aPN (mP - aPR bPR k r)}{aPR^2 bPR k}$
		int.	$\frac{r (aPN c0 + aNR aPR bNR k (fP - c0))}{aPR fP} + mN$
		1	$\frac{aPN (aPR bPR k r (c0 (-fP) + c0 + fP - 1) + mP) - aPR (fP - 1) k (aN R bNR mP + aPR bPR (fP - 1) mN)}{aPR^2 bPR (fP - 1)^2 k}$
<b>Suboptimal Defense</b>	<b>Omnivore</b>	0	$\frac{aPN bPN (aN R bNR k r - mN) + aNR aPR bPR k mN}{aNR^2 bNR k} - mP$
		int.	$\frac{c0 r (aPN bPN - aNR aPR bPR k)}{aNR fP \phi} + aPR bPR k r - mP$
		1	$\frac{aPN bPN (aN R bNR(c0 - 1) k r (fP \phi - 1) - mN) + aNR aPR bPR k mN (1 - fP \phi)}{aNR^2 bNR k (fP \phi - 1)^2} - mP$

Naïveté	<b>Omnivore</b>	0	$\frac{aPN bPN (aNR bNR k r - mN) + aNR aPR bPR k mN}{aNR^2 bNR k} - mP$
		int.	$\frac{aPN bPN c0 r}{aNR fN \rho} - \frac{aPRbPR(-\frac{\sqrt{k}\sqrt{r}\sqrt{\rho} (aNR bNR k r (c0 - fN)^2 + 4 c0 fN mN) - 4 c0 fN mN}{\sqrt{aNR}\sqrt{bNR}\sqrt{\rho}} + c0 k r - fN k r)}{2 fN} - mP$
		1	$\frac{aNR aPN bNR bPN (c0 - 1) (fN - 1) k r - mN (aPN bPN + aNR aPR bPR (fN - 1) k)}{aNR^2 bNR (fN - 1)^2 k} - mP$

Table S2 Coexistence criteria for introduced consumer. *Int.* indicates defense effort that is adaptively allocated between 0 and 1.

16 Table S3.

		Parameter value							
Parameter	Interpretation	Fig. 1	Fig. 2	Fig. 3	Fig. 4	Fig. 5	Fig. 6	Fig. 7	Fig. S1
$r$	Resource intrinsic growth rate	1	1		0.9	1	1	1	1
$k$	Basal productivity	1	<i>grad.</i>	5	5	<i>grad.</i>	5	3	0.7
$c_0$	Coefficient of cost of defensive effort	<i>grad.</i>	0.25	<i>grad.</i>	0.25	0.25	<i>grad.</i>	0.1	0.1
$f_N$	Efficiency of defensive effort toward consumer	0.8	0.8		0.7	0.8		0.6	0.8
$f_P$	Efficiency of defensive effort toward omnivore	0.8	0.8		0.7	0.8		0.6	0.8
$a_{PR}$	Attack rate of omnivore on resource	0.9		0.9			1	0.9	
$a_{PN}$	Attack rate of omnivore on consumer	1	<i>grad.</i>	1.2	<i>grad.</i>		0.8	0.9	
$a_{NR}$	Attack rate of consumer on resource	1.5		0.8			0.8	0.8	

		Parameter value							
Parameter	Interpretation	Fig. 1	Fig. 2	Fig. 3	Fig. 4	Fig. 5	Fig. 6	Fig. 7	Fig. S1
$b_{PR}$	Conversion efficiency of resource to omnivore	0.5		0.5			0.4	0.5	
$b_{PN}$	Conversion efficiency of consumer to omnivore	0.5		0.5			0.5	0.5	
$b_{NR}$	Conversion efficiency of resource to consumer	0.8		0.7			0.9	0.9	
$m_P$	Mortality rate of omnivore	0.5		0.5			0.55	0.5	
$m_N$	Mortality rate of consumer	0.2		0.2			0.1	0.05	
$\nu$	Adaptive rate of defensive response	1.0		1.0			1.0	1.0	
$\phi$	Effectiveness of defense toward recognized invader	<i>NA</i>	1, 0.75, 0.5	<i>grad.</i>	1, 0.75, 0.5	<i>grad.</i>	<i>grad.</i>	<i>grad.</i>	
$\rho$	Naïveté in defense allocation toward unrecognized predator	<i>NA</i>	1, 0.75, 0.5	<i>grad.</i>	1, 0.75, 0.5	<i>grad.</i>	<i>grad.</i>	<i>grad.</i>	

18 Table S3 Parameter values used to produce figures. *Grad.* refers to a parameter reflecting a gradient control parameter in the figure.  
19 *NA* refers to a parameter that is not applicable given the context of the figure. Note: Coexistence condition Figs. 2, 3, 5 and 6 use  
20 identical (fixed) parameter values except for those reflecting different invasion scenarios. Parameter values vary across Figs. 1, 4,  
21 7, and S1. Parameter values in Figs 2, 3, 5 and 6 were chosen to maximize the region of three-species coexistence where the most  
22 informative dynamics occur. Retaining identical parameter values across all plots results in much of the informative dynamics  
23 being compressed into much smaller regions of control parameter space.

24